**Total Pages-03** 

RNLKWC/P.G.-CBCS/IS/MTM/101/21

## 2021

Applied Mathematics with Oceanology and

## **Computer Programming**

## [P.G.]

### (CBCS)

(M.Sc. First Semester EndExaminations-2021)

### MTM – 101

#### (REAL ANALYSIS)

#### Full Marks: 50

#### Time: 02 Hrs

4x2=8

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

### 1. Answer any FOUR questions

- a) Show that every compact metric space is separable.
- b) Find the variation function for the function f(x) = |x-1| on

## [0,2]

c) Show that any function from a discrete metric space into a metric space is continuous.

- (2)
- d) Let S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub> : X → □ be two non-negative simple measurable functions on a measurable space X. Show that {x ∈ X : s<sub>1</sub>(x) ≥ s<sub>2</sub>(x)} is a measurable set in X.
- e) If  $\alpha$  is continuous and  $\beta$  is of bounded variation on [a,b],

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show that \int \alpha d\beta exists
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- f) Define Borel Set
- g) Show that the set of all natural numbers is a null subset of
- 2. Answer any FOUR questions
  - a) i) Establish a necessary and sufficient condition for a function f:[a,b]→□ to be a function of bounded variation on [a,b]

4x8=32

- ii) Show that the set of all functions of bounded variation on [a,b] forms a vector space under usual addition and multiplication by scalars. 4+4
- b) i) Show that every path connected metric space is connected.

ii) Show that the function 
$$f(x) = xSin\frac{\pi}{x} 0 < x \le 1$$
  
= 0  $x = 0$  4+4

Is not of bounded variation through continuous.

- c) i) State and prove Lebesgue's monotone Convergence theorem.
  - ii) Prove that a continuous image of a connected metric space is connected. 4+4
- d) i) Suppose f: X→[0,∞] is measurable and φ(E) = ∫<sub>E</sub> f dμ for every measurable set E in X. Show that φ is a measure and ∫g dφ = ∫gf dμ for every measurable function g on X with range in[0,∞]
  ii) If f<sub>n</sub>: X→[0,∞] is measurable for n = 1,2,3,..... and

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n(x) , \quad x \in X \quad \text{then show that}$$
$$\int f \ d\mu = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int f_n \ d\mu \quad 4+4$$

- e) i) Show that cantor set is a null set
  - ii) Evaluate the RS-integral

$$\int_{1}^{4} (4x^{4} - 3e^{6x} + 5x^{3} - 4x + 3) d(2[x] + 1)$$

**f)** i) Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^p}$  if  $0 < x \le 1$  and f(0) = 0. Find necessary and sufficient condition on p such that  $f \in L^1[0,1]$ . Compute  $\int_0^1 f(x)\lambda(x)$  in that case.

# (4)

ii) Evaluate the following :

$$\int_{-1}^{3} 2\cos x \, d\left(2x + [x]\right)$$
 5+3

[Internal Marks – 10]