#### 2022

# PHILOSOPHY (HONOURS)

(B.A. Sixth Semester End Examination -2022)

Paper - CC13

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

## Group-A

## Answer any ten questions of the following.

2×10=20

- 1. What is Yogyānupalabdhi?
- 2. What is Pakṣatā?
- 3. What is parāmarsa?
- 4. State the marks of Sat-hetu?

(Turn Over)

- 5. What are Pakṣa, Sapakṣa and Vipakṣa?
- 6. What, according to Annambhatta, is the definition of hetvābhāsa?
- 7. What is *Śakti*?
- 8. What is the difference between Sakti and Laksanā.
- 9. What is Yogyatā?
- 10. What is Karana and Vyāpāra of Upamiti?
- 11. What is pakṣadharmatā jñāna?
- 12. What is ākānkṣa?
- 13. Is gauni, a kind of Lakṣanā?
- 14. What do you mean by vyañjanā? What are they?
- 15. What is meant by prāmānya?

### Group - B

Answer any four questions of the following:  $5\times4=20$ 

- 16. How is vyāpti ascertained? Explain briefly after Tarkasamigraha Dipikā.
- 17. Explain parāthānumāna with an example.
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(Continued)

- 18. What is 'Linga? Discuss briefly the different kinds of lingas ennuciated by Annambhatta.
- 19. Explain the different kinds of Savyabhicāra hetrābhāsa.
- 20. How is Sakti of a word determined? Explain.
- 21. What is arthäpatti? Is it an independent source of knowledge? Discuss.
- 22. Explain viruddha hetvābhāsa with example.

## Group - C

Answer any two questions of the following:  $10\times2=20$ 

- 23. Explain the definition of 'anumiti' given in the Tarkasamgraha. Why and how is the definition changed in the Dipika?
- 24. Explain, with an example, the definition of upamiti.
- 25. Discuss different kinds of *Upādhi* with examples.
- 26. Explain, with example, the different kinds of lakṣanā.

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