M.Sc. First Semester End Examination, 2022

Applied Mathematics with Oceanology and Computer Programming

PAPER-MTM-101

Full Marks: 50

Time: 02 Hrs

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as

far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[REAL ANALYSIS]

Answer question no. 1 and any four from the rest

1. Answer any four questions:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- a) Define σ algebra with an example.
- b) Define Borel set.
- c) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} x^{5} d(|x|^{3})$
- d) Show that Cantor set is a null set.
- (e) Prove that every Cauchy sequence in a metric space is bounded. Is converse of the theorem is true? Justify.

- (f) Is the subset $S = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 = 1 \text{ and } xy \neq 0\}$ of \mathbb{R}^2 compact? Justify your answer.
- (g) If α is continuous function and β is of bounded variation on [a,b] show that $\int_a^b \alpha \ d\beta$ exists.
- 2. (a) Let (X, d) be a metric space and $A \subseteq X$. If $p \in A'$ then prove that there exists a sequence of distinct points of A which is converging to p.
 - (b) Show that the sequence $\{x_n\}$ is convergent in \Re^2 with the Euclidean distance where

$$x_{n} = \begin{cases} (2^{n}, \frac{1}{n}), & n \leq 9\\ (2^{10}, -\frac{1}{n}), & n \geq 10 \end{cases}$$
 4+4

3. (a) If f is continuous function and α is monotone on [a,b] then show that

$$\int_{a}^{b} f d\alpha = f(b) \alpha(b) - f(a) \alpha(a) - \int_{a}^{b} \alpha df$$

(b) Evaluate the R-S integral $\int_{0}^{2} (3e^{4x} + 2x^2 - 7x + 5) d(2[x] + 7)$

4. (a) Let $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n, \dots$ be an enumeration of all rational points in [0, 1] and let $f:[0,1] \to \Re$ be defined by $f(x_n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n^2}, & n = 1,2,3,\dots \\ 0, & elsewhere \end{cases}$

Prove that f is function of bounded variation on [0,1]

(b) Let $f:[a,b] \to \Re$ be a function of bounded variation on [a, b] and V(x) be the variation function of f on [a, b]. Then show that V+f is a monotonic increasing function on [a, b].

4+4

- 5. (a) Show that if a metric space X is compact then it is closed and bounded..
 - (b) Show that every finite sum of real numbers can be expressed as the R-S integral over some interval.

 4+4
- 6. (a) Let μ be a positive measure on a σ algebra m. Then show that

$$\mu(A_n) \to \mu(A) \text{ as } n \to \infty$$
 if $A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$, $A_n \in m \text{ and } A_1 \subset A_2 \subset A_3 \subset \dots$

- (b) Every bounded measurable function on [a,b] is Lebegue integrable on [a,b]. 3+5
- 7. (a) Give an example of a function which is not Reimann integrable but Lebegue integrable.

What is the value of the integral?

5+3

(b) Let $f:[0,1] \to \Re$ be defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, x \text{ be rational} \\ 0, x \text{ be irrational} \end{cases}$. Check whether function f is a function of bounded variation. 5+3

Internal Assessment - 10