

Total Pages – 6 **B.A. RNLK-/Physical Chemistry/CC-11/22**

2022

Physical Chemistry

[Fifth Semester]

Paper - CC-11

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Group - A

Answer any five from the following : 5×2=10

1. a) Justify that the ground state vibrational level of a diatomic molecule is more densely populated.
- b) Write down the electronic transition involved in formaldehyde.
- c) What is bioluminescence? Cite an example of bioluminescence.

(Turn Over)

(2)

- d) Phosphorescence is a slower process than fluorescence because (choose the correct option)
- (A) phosphorescence occurs at longer wavelengths than fluorescence.
 - (B) spin angular momentum is not conserved in phosphorescence process
 - (C) both A and B
 - (D) none of the above.
- e) The fraction of surface (θ) covered by an adsorbate at a pressure (P) is given by $\theta = m_1 P / (1 + m_2 P)$, where m_1 and m_2 are constants. Suggest two plots that are linear comment on the slope and intercepts of such plots.
- f) What is CMC, write down the effect of temperature on it.
- g) Aqueous solution of benzoic acid becomes weak acid when it absorbs radiation –Explain.
- h) Write the physical significance of Reynolds number.

(3)

Group - B

Answer any four from the following : 5×4=20

2. a) The first rotational absorption of $^{12}\text{C}^{16}\text{O}$ occurs at 3.8412 cm^{-1} and that for $^{13}\text{C}^{16}\text{O}$ at 3.6734 cm^{-1} . Calculate the atomic weight of C-13. Mention the assumption used, if any.

[Given, $^{16}\text{O}=15.9994$ and $^{12}\text{C}=12.0000$]

- b) The Morse potential function $V(r)$, for a diatomic molecule may be expressed as $V(r)=De[1-e^{-\alpha(r-r_e)}]^2$. Calculate $V(r_e)$, $V(\infty)$, and α in the above expression.
($2\frac{1}{2}\times 2$)=5

3. (a) A photochemical reaction was carried using a monochromatic radiation (490 nm) of intensity 100 W. When the sample was irradiated for 30 min, 0.3 mole of the reactant was decomposed. Estimate the quantum efficiency assuming 50% absorption.

- b) The C=O bond energy in acetone is 728 kJ mol^{-1} . Does the light of 250 nm be able to break the bond?
(3+2)=5

(4)

4. (a) The surface tension of ethyl acetate ($T_c=523\text{K}$) is 25 dyne/cm at 0°C . Estimate its value at 50°C .
- (b) Why does surface tension of water almost vanish at its critical temperature?
5. (a) In a photochemical reaction, $A \rightarrow 2B + C$, the quantum efficiency with 500 nm light is 2×10^{-2} mol einstein $^{-1}$. After exposure of 300 moles of A to the light, 2 moles of B is formed. The number of photons absorbed by A is –
- (b) The optical density of a solution never be negative– Why? (3+2)=5
6. (a) the density of Lithium metal is 0.53 g.cm^{-3} and the separation of the planes of the metal is 350 pm. Determine whether the lattice is f.c.c. or b.c.c. [M of Li = 6.94g/mol]
- (b) Calculate the % of pack of f.c.c. crystal. (3+2)=5
7. (a) Draw the schematic representation on the formation of oil-in-water and water-in-oil.
- (b) Coagulation power increases considerably with increasing valence of the coagulating ion. (3+2)=5

(5)

Group - C

Answer one from the following : 1×10=10

8. (a) Sketch the IR active and IR inactive modes of vibration for carbon dioxide molecule.
- (b) Classify the following molecules in terms of symmetric top, spherical top and asymmetric top category : vinyl chloride, BCl_3 , CCl_4 and H_2O .
- (c) Find the maximum populated rotational energy level of molecule at 25°C for which $^{12}\text{CO}^{16}\text{O}$ $\bar{B}=1.93\text{cm}^{-1}$.
- (d) What is Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
(3+3+3+1)=10
9. (a) Ethylene has a UV absorption peaks at 162 nm with molar absorption coefficient $\text{cm}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1}\text{ lit}$. Calculate the absorbance of 162 nm radiation through a sample of ethylene gas at 25°C and 10 torr for a cell of length 1 cm.
- (b) An aqueous solution of iodine is shaken with CS_2 and also with charcoal. In each case some iodine was

(6)

extracted. What are the difference between the two phenomena.

- (c) What is Miller indices? What is meant by (110) plane?
Draw the 110) plane of a simple cubic crystal.

$$(3+3+4)=10$$